

Concordia University
Comp 249 – Fall 2023
Object-Oriented Programming II
Assignment 2
Due 11:59 PM – Friday, November 3, 2023

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1 Purpose

The purpose of this assignment is to allow you to practice Exception Handling and File I/O, as well as other previously covered object-oriented concepts.

2 Introduction

A retired employee of a bookstore, Mr. Booker, has a number of old text files he created as a part of his job many years ago.

Each file contains zero or more lines separated by a newline character, with each line storing information about a book, in one of eight book genres related to cartoons, hobbies, movies, music, nostalgia, radio, sports, trains, etc.



With a book catalog that contains almost 2000 entries, Mr. Booker finds it a bit tedious to read through big text files and a bit frustrating when he finds typos in his catalog. Turning to you for help, Mr. Booker would like you to write an interactive program that allows him to navigate through his book titles, categorized by genre, as well as providing a facility for identifying and removing invalid book records. Given that you are now a Java guru, this should be a piece of cake.

3 Your Assignment

Write a driver program whose main() method implements the requirements of this assignment in three sequentially dependent parts described in the following pages.

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4 CSV-Formatted Input Files

This assignment requires input data from one or more text files, including a file called $Part1_input_file_names.txt$ that stores the names of the required input files, one per line, starting at the second line. The first line stores the number, say n, of the file names listed below it (16 in the example at right).

The names of the files listed in Part1_input_file_names.txt may be any valid file name, and the files themselves each may or may not exist, and if they do exist, they may or may not be empty. If a file does not exist, you will simply display an error message and move on to the next input file, if any.

Each line of an input file represents a book record. Each record contains six data fields and is terminated by a new line character. The data fields themselves are separated by a comma character, a textual format called "CSV" (comma separated values). The six fields of a book record are:

title, authors, price, isbn, genre, year

For simplicity, you may assume that:

- except for the title field, none of the other data fields may contain commas, and
- the title field itself may not contain double quotes within its text.

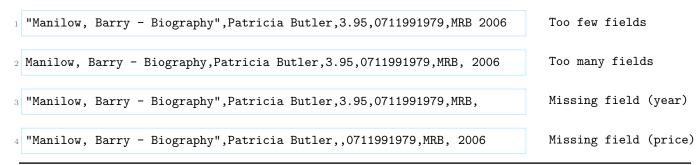
In the CSV file format, a field may or may not be enclosed in double quotes. However, when the field itself contains one or more commas, then that field must be enclosed in double quotes.

A book record may contain either syntax or semantic errors:

Syntax errors may occur when extracting the data fields of a CSV-formatted input line. An unknown genre is considered a syntax error.

Semantic errors may occur when validating the values of the price, isbn, and year fields.

Here are some examples of CSV-formatted input lines with syntax errors:



part1_input_file_names.txt 16 books1995.csv books1996.csv books1997.csv books1998.csv books1999.csv books2000.csv books2001.csv books2002.csv books2003.csv books2004.csv books2005.csv books2006.csv books2007.csv books2008.csv books2009.csv books2010.csv

Syntax Errors

Too many fields
Too few fields
Missing field
Unknown genre

Semantic Errors

invalid ISBN-10 invalid ISBN-13 invalid price invalid year

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Here are some examples of CSV-formatted input lines with semantic errors:

"Manilow, Barry - Biography", Patricia Butler, 3.95, 1711991979, MRB, 2006 invalid ISBN-10

"Manilow, Barry - Biography", Patricia Butler, 3.95, 2341711991979, MRB, 2006 invalid ISBN-13

"Manilow, Barry - Biography", Patricia Butler, 3.95, 0711991979, MRB, 1006 invalid year

"Manilow, Barry - Biography", Patricia Butler, 3.95, 0711991979, MRB, 1006 invalid year

4.1 How To Validate Price and Year

Valid prices are non-negative, and valid years fall within the closed range [1995, 2010].

4.2 How To Validate an ISBN

- A 10-digit ISBN of the form $x_1x_2x_3x_4x_5x_6x_7x_8x_9x_{10}$ is valid if the sum $(10x_1 + 9x_2 + 8x_3 + 7x_4 + 6x_5 + 5x_6 + 4x_7 + 3x_8 + 2x_9 + 1x_{10})$ is a multiple of 11.
- A 13-digit ISBN of the form $x_1x_2x_3x_4x_5x_6x_7x_8x_9x_{10}x_{11}x_{12}x_{13}$ is valid if the sum $(x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 + 3x_4 + x_5 + 3x_6 + x_7 + 3x_8 + x_9 + 3x_{10} + x_{11} + 3x_{12} + x_{13})$ is a multiple of 10.

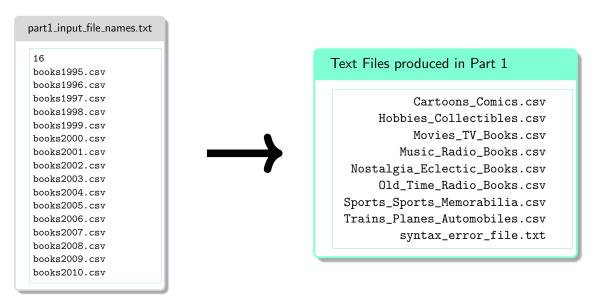
4.3 Valid Book Genres, Code, and the Files to Produce

Genre	Code	Associated File Names
Cartoons & Comics Books	CCB	Cartoons_Comics_Books.csv
Hobbies & Collectibles Books	HCB	Hobbies_Collectibles_Books.csv
Movies & TV	MTV	Movies_TV.csv
Music & Radio Books	MRB	Music_Radio_Books.csv
Nostalgia & Eclectic Books	NEB	Nostalgia_Eclectic_Books.csv
Old-Time Radio	OTR	Old_Time_Radio.csv
Sports & Sports Memorabilia	SSM	Sports_Sports_Memorabilia.csv
Trains, Planes & Automobiles	TPA	Trains_Planes_Automobiles.csv
Bad CSV-formatted Book Recrds		${\tt syntax_error_file.txt}$ and ${\tt semantic_error_file.txt}$

Note: you may rename .csv files to .csv.txt files if you wish.

5 Part 1 of 3

Write a method called do_part1() that will read book records from a number of CSV-formatted text files, checking only for syntax errors.



Preparing the input files for Part 2, Part 1 will output nine files, eight CSV-formatted text files and a regular text file, whose names are listed in the above box at right.

Since the names and number of the output files and genres may vary depending on the input files, you would ideally create a text file, similar to Part1_input_file_names.txt in format, and enter the names and number of the output CSV-files; then, you would use that file as input in Part 2. However, supporting that ideal case would add to the complexity of the program, making it out of the scope of this assignment. Therefore, since your work already involves opening Part1_input_file_names.txt, extracting the file names and then processing the corresponding files, there is no need to repeat similar processes in Part 2 and Part 3, so you may hard-code the names of the output files (listed in the green box above) in your program.

Processing the records in each of the CSV-formatted input files (listed in Part1_input_file_names.txt), you will encounter records that are either syntactically valid or not.

If a record is syntactically *valid*, then you will write that record to a genre-based CSV-formatted output file (listed in the green box above). You will need to keep track of the size of (the number of book records in) each of the CSV-formatted output files so as to minimize the number of times a single file is opened and closed.

If you encounter a syntactically *invalid* book record, then you will throw an exception corresponding to the syntax error detected, reporting (a) the error, (b) the record, and (c) the name of the file in which the record appears. To accommodate this case, write four checked exception classes¹ called TooManyFieldsException, TooFewFieldsException, MissingFieldException, and UnknownGenreException.

Here is an example of the contents of syntax_error_file.txt:

¹Similar to and as simple as Display 9.4 "A Programmer-Defined Exception Class" in the course textbook, as well as the examples/code covered in class.

syntax_error_file. txt

```
syntax error in file: books1999.csv
3 Error: missing title
4 Record: ,Authors, Price, ISBN, Genre, Released
6 syntax error in file: books2002.csv
7 ==========
8 Error: missing price
Record: Celluloid Gaze, Boze Hadleigh,,0879109718, MTV, 2002
syntax error in file: books2005.csv
Error: missing authors
Record: Superhero Book,,24.95,1578591546,CCB,2005
syntax error in file: books2009.csv
18 Error: missing genre
19 Record: "Rogers, Roy", Robert W. Phillips, 35.95, 9780786445899,, 2009
21 Error: missing year
Record: Soulful Divas, David Nathan, 11.5, 0823084302, MRB,
  Error: invalid genre
  "Manilow, Barry - Biography", Patricia Butler, 3.95,0711991979, ABC, 2006
```

6 Part 2 of 3

Recall that except for the file syntax_error_file.txt, all the other files listed in the green box below are genre-based CSV-formatted text files containing syntactically valid book records.

This part checks each of the syntactically valid book records for semantic errors, setting out to serialize both syntactically and semantically valid book records into binary files whose names appear in the gray box below. (Again, you may hard-code the names of the binary files in your program.)

Cartoons_Comics.csv Hobbies_Collectibles.csv Movies_TV_Books.csv Music_Radio_Books.csv Nostalgia_Eclectic_Books.csv Old_Time_Radio_Books.csv Sports_Sports_Memorabilia.csv Trains_Planes_Automobiles.csv syntax_error_file.txt



Binary Files produced in Part 2

Cartoons_Comics.csv.ser
Hobbies_Collectibles.csv.ser
Movies_TV_Books.csv.ser
Music_Radio_Books.csv.ser
Nostalgia_Eclectic_Books.csv.ser
Old_Time_Radio_Books.csv.ser
Sports_Sports_Memorabilia.csv.ser
Trains_Planes_Automobiles.csv.ser

Write a method called do_part2() that reads the genre-based CVS-formatted input text files produced in Part 1, one file at a time, creating an array of valid Book objects out of all the semantically valid book records in each input file. A line in an input file, which is already valid syntactically, is processed as follows depending on whether the line contains a semantic error:

(a) The line contains a semantic error rendering it *invalid*:

Throw an exception of the type corresponding to the semantic error detected, reporting the error into an error file named semantic_error_file.txt using the same format as that appearing in the file syntax_error_file.txt.

To accommodate this case, write four checked exception classes BadIsbn10Exception,

BadIsbn13Exception, BadPriceException, BadYearException.

(b) The line contains a semantically valid book record:

Create a Book object based on the data field values of the book record and then store the object in the array of Book objects set up for the file containing the valid record.

To accommodate this case, write a simple Book class that implements Serializable and has six instance variables: title, authors, price, isbn, genre, and year, of which price is a double, year is an int, the remaining four instance variables are all of type String; initialize the instance variable in a Book constructor taking six parameters corresponding to the six instance variables. It should override the equals() and toString() methods, and for each instance variable, define a pair of corresponding getter and setter methods. Feel free to introduce your own methods to facilitate the implementation of the operations involved in this assignment.

Once you have processed all the records in a file, say abc.csv, you will then serialize the resulting array of Book objects into a binary file named abc.csv.ser and then move on to processing the next input file.

7 Part 3 of 3

Write a method called do_part3() that will open each of the eight binary files produced in Part 2, deserializing the object in each binary file into an array of Book objects. (You may hard-code the names of the binary files in your program if you wish.)

You will then write an interactive code to navigate the objects in any of the arrays of Book objects, moving up or down relative to the *current object* in the array, which is initially set to the first object in the array at index 0.

Binary Files produced in Part 2

Cartoons_Comics.csv.ser
Hobbies_Collectibles.csv.ser
Movies_TV_Books.csv.ser
Music_Radio_Books.csv.ser
Nostalgia_Eclectic_Books.csv.ser
Old_Time_Radio_Books.csv.ser
Sports_Sports_Memorabilia.csv.ser
Trains_Planes_Automobiles.csv.ser

The position of the current object is adjusted according to whether the range of objects being viewed (displayed) are above or below the current object; the adjustment process is detailed on the next page.

Your interactive code must repeatedly display the following menu and perform the selected menu item until the user enters the letter \mathbf{x} or \mathbf{X} on the keyboard:

```
Main Menu

V View the selected file: Cartoons_Comics_Books.csv.ser (4 records)

S Select a file to view

X Exit

Enter Your Choice: S
```

Note that "selected file" in the menu effectively refers to the array descrialized from that file. Option v will allow the user to navigate the currently selected file, initially, any one of the arrays. Option v will prompt the user to select a file through the following menu:

```
File Sub-Menu

1 Cartoons_Comics_Books.csv.ser (4 records)
2 Hobbies_Collectibles_Books.csv.ser (1 records)
3 Movies_TV.csv.ser (6 records)
4 Music_Radio_Books.csv.ser (13 records)
5 Nostalgia_Eclectic_Books.csv.ser (5 records)
6 Old_Time_Radio.csv.ser (0 records)
7 Sports_Sports_Memorabilia.csv.ser (0 records)
8 Trains_Planes_Automobiles.csv.ser (2 records)
9 Exit

Enter Your Choice: 5
```

The main menu will now display again:

```
Main Menu

V View the selected file: Nostalgia_Eclectic_Books.csv.ser (5 records)

S Select a file to view

X Exit

Enter Your Choice:
```

Option v opens as follows:

```
Enter Your Choice: v
viewing: Nostalgia_Eclectic_Books.csv.ser (5 records)
```

The viewing commands are only integers, say number n, each specifying a range of at most n consecutive records to be displayed, unless n = 0.

- If n=0, then the viewing session ends and control will display the main menu again.
- Whether n < 0 or n > 0,
 - \star the *current object* in the array is always displayed.
 - \triangleright Hence, entering +1 or -1 will display only the current record.
- If n > 0, then the current object and the (n-1) objects below it, if any, are displayed.
 - * If there are not (n-1) records below the current object, then after displaying the last object in the array, the message EOF has been reached is displayed.
- The last record in the displayed range will always become the new current object.

For example, if the current object is at the index, say 17, then for n = +3, the current object at index 17 and the (n-1) = (3-1) = 2 objects below it at indexes 18, 19, a total of 3 objects, are displayed and the current object will be located at index 19, the last object displayed in the range 17-19.

- If n < 0, then the current object and the (|n| 1) objects² above it, if any, are displayed.
 - \star If there are not (|n|-1) objects above the current object, then before displaying the first object in the array, the message BOF has been reached is displayed.

The first object in the displayed range will always become the new current object.

For example, if the current object is at the index, say 17, then for n = -3, the current object at index 17 and the (|n| - 1) = (|-3| - 1) = 3 - 1 = 2 objects above it at indexes 15, 16, a total of 3 objects, are displayed and the current object will be located at index 15, the first object displayed in the range 15-17.

 $^{^{2}|}n|$ denotes the absolute value of n

For another example, consider the first array below at left where \Rightarrow points to the current object and note that the cells displayed in color represent the displayed objects .

\Rightarrow	After	After	After	After	r After	After	After	r After	After	After
initially	+1	+3	+2	-3	+10	-3	-1	-10	-1	+1
$\Rightarrow A$	$\Rightarrow A$	0 A	0 A	0 A	0 A	0 A	0 A	$\Rightarrow A$	$\Rightarrow A$	$\Rightarrow A$
1 B	1 B	1 B	1 B	$\Rightarrow B $	1 B	1 B	1 B	1 B	1 B	1 B
2 C	2 C	\Rightarrow $\boxed{\mathrm{C}}$	2 C	2 C	2 C	\Rightarrow C	\Rightarrow C	2 C	$2 \overline{\mathrm{C}}$	2 C
3 D	3 D	3 D	$\Rightarrow \boxed{\mathrm{D}}$	3 D	3 D	3 D	3 D	3 D	3 D	3 D
$4 \lfloor \mathrm{E} \rfloor$	4 E	4 E	4 E	$4 \boxed{\mathrm{E}}$	$\Rightarrow \boxed{\mathrm{E}}$	4 E	4 E	4 E	4 E	4 E

8 Requirements

- a. You may not use an object of a class in the Java Collections Framework, such as ArrayList, LinkedList, HashMap, TreeMap, HashSet, TreeSet, etc.. Nor may you use any external libraries or existing software to produce what is required. The use of any of these results in an immediate zero mark.
- b. For processing of input book records, you may use String's split method and/or the StringTokenizer class. For array processing, you may use the Java's Arrays class.
- c. Feel free to introduce and implement classes of your choice to facilitate the implementation of the operations involved in this assignment.
- d. You should minimize opening and closing the files.
- e. Your program must work for any input files. The CSV files provided with this assignment are only one possible versions, and must not be considered as the general case when writing your code. You may rename all .csv files to .csv.txt files if you wish.

9 General Guidelines When Writing Programs

• Include the following comments at the top of your source codes.

```
// ------
2 // Assignment (include number)
3 // Question: (include question/part number, if applicable)
4 // Written by: (include your name and student ID)
5 // ------
```

- In a comment, give a general explanation of what your program does. As the programming questions get more complex, the explanations will get lengthier.
- Include comments in your program describing the main steps in your program.
- Display a welcome message which includes your name(s).
- Display clear prompts for users when you are expecting the user to enter data from the keyboard.
- All output should be displayed with clear messages and in an easy-to-read format.
- End your program with a closing message so that the user knows that the program has terminated.

10 JavaDoc Documentation

Documentation for your program must be written in javaDoc. In addition, the following information must appear at the top of each file:

```
Name(s) and ID(s) (include full names and IDs)
COMP249
Assignment # (include the assignment number)
Due Date (include the due date for this assignment)
```

11 What to submit

Your submission for this assignment must include:

- All Java files related to this assignment,
- all CSV files, both input and output, and
- the two error files

12 Assignment Submission Guidelines

- For this assignment, you are allowed to work individually, or in a group of a maximum of 2 students (i.e., you and one other student).
- Only electronic submissions will be accepted. Zip together the source codes.
- Naming convention for zip file: Create one zip file, containing all source files and produced documentations for your assignment using the following naming convention: The zip file should be called a#_StudentName_StudentID, where # is assignment number and StudentName and StudentID is your name and ID number respectively. Use your "official" name only
- no abbreviations or nick names; capitalize the usual "last" name. Inappropriate submissions will be heavily penalized. For example, for the first assignment, student 12345678 would submit a zip file named like: a1_Mike-Simon_123456.zip. if working in a group, the name should look like: a1_Mike-Simon_12345678-AND-Linda-Jackson_98765432.zip.
- Submit only ONE version of an assignment. If more than one version is submitted the first one will be graded, and all others will be disregarded.
- If working in a team, only one of the members can upload the assignment. Do NOT upload the file for each of the members!
- ⇒ Important: Following your submission, a demo is required (please refer to the course outline for full details). The marker will inform you about the demo times. Please notice that failing to demo your assignment will result in zero mark regardless of your submission. If a demo is missed, you will be allowed another demo with a deduction of 50%. There will be no exceptions.

13 Evaluation Criteria for Assignment 2 (10 points)

Total	10 pts
JavaDoc documentations	1 pt
Producing proper CSV output files in Part 1	2 pt
Producing proper binary files in Part 2	2 pts
Implementing the interactive Part 3	2 pts
Generating and Handling Exceptions	2 pt
General Quality of the Assignment	1 pt